DRAFT

Engineering Evaluation Engineering/ Remediation Resources Group, Inc.; Plant No. 19228 Application No. 18624

Background

On behalf of Former Caltech Metal Finishers Site, Engineering/Remediation Resources Group., has applied for an authority to construct for soil remediation at the site located at 825 31st Street in Oakland, California. Soil vapor extraction will be accomplished by means of a regenerative vacuum blower (S-1) with a maximum capacity of 250 scfm. The vacuum unit is also equipped with a water knockout vessel, inlet filter, dilution air valve, recirculation valve, and flow indicators. Vapor abatement will be achieved by Carbon Adsorption (Carbon). These will be applied according to equipment availability. The Carbon adsorption system will consist of two 200 pound capacity activated carbon vessels connected in series.

The applicant will be conditioned to provide written notification at the start of operation. The carbon unit influent and effluent VOC concentrations will be monitored with a portable flame-ionization detector (OVA-FID) on a schedule reflecting current loading rates and predicted Carbon capacity. To ensure proper operation of equipment and verify attainment of steady-state conditions, Carbon performance will be monitored daily for the first five days. Engineering/Remediation Resources Group, Inc. may then elect to change their monitoring schedule based on measured influent concentrations and calculated carbon loading. Monitoring schedule changes will be allowed only after District review of concentration measurements and subsequent receipt of District approval.

This source is located within 1,000 feet of the outer boundary of Hoover Elementary School, and within ¼ mile of BEST High School and Excel High School, and as such this application requires Public Notification via Reg. 2-1-412. A Public Notice was prepared and sent out to the home address of the students of the schools and to each address within a radius of 1,000 feet of the source.

Emission Calculations

For a conservative estimate of yearly emissions, we shall assume that the system is operated for an entire year within an inlet concentration corresponding to the initial soil concentration level. Generalized assumptions follow:

- * Operating conditions: Pressure = 1 Atm; Inlet Temperature = 21°C; 1 mole occupies 24.15L
- * Molecular weight of TPHg = 100 g/mole (value for "weathered gasoline"). Molecular weight of Trichloroethene (TCE) = 78 g/mole.
- * Influent values based on operational parameters of equipment and applicant supplied soil vapor test results: influent rate 50 scfm throughout; maximum influent concentration = 2928 ppmv Trichloroethene (TCE); 8 ppmv for vinyl chloride; destruction efficiency = 99.0% throughout. Facility is accepting a condition to limit the influent concentration of TCE- 204 ppm (v)

Emissions of Toxic Air Contaminants (Trichloroethene):

2928E-6 *
$$\underline{250 \text{ ft}}^3$$
 * $\underline{1440 \text{ min}}$ * $\underline{28.32 \text{L}}$ * $\underline{1 \text{ mole}}$ * $\underline{131.4g}$ * $\underline{1 \text{ lb}}$ * (1 - 0.99) = **3.58 lb/day** (abated) min 1 day 1 ft³ 24.15L mole 454g

$$8E-6* \frac{250 \text{ ft}^3}{250 \text{ ft}^3}* \frac{1440 \text{ min}}{250 \text{ ft}^3}* \frac{28.32 \text{L}}{250 \text{ ft}^3}* \frac{1 \text{ mole}}{250 \text{ ft}^3}* \frac{110}{250 \text{ ft}^3}* \frac{11$$

Emissions of Toxic Air Contaminants: Reduce TCE to 204 ppm(v)

efficiency 99.00% air flow rate 250 days/yr 365

				Emissions	Emissions	Emissions	Emissions
Compound	MW	(µg/L)	ppm (V)	unabated Ibm/day	abated lbm/day	abated lbm/yr	abated tons/yr
Benzene	78.11	0.019	0.005847651	0.00042489	4.24893E-06	0.00155086	7.7543E-07
Toluene	92.1402	6.9	1.800256566	0.15430326	0.001543033	0.56320688	0.0002816
Ethylenzene	106.167	3.6	0.815168555	0.08050605	0.00080506	0.29384707	0.00014692
Xylene	106.167	13.4	3.034238511	0.2996614	0.002996614	1.09376409	0.00054688
0-xylene	88.1492	3.4	0.927246078	0.07603349	0.000760335	0.27752223	0.00013876
MTBE	88.1492	2.5	0.681798587	0.05590698	0.00055907	0.20406047	0.00010203
1,2 Dichloroethane	98.96	0.0093	0.002259216	0.00020797	2.07974E-06	0.0007591	3.7955E-07
Chloroform	119.38	0.00043	8.65907E-05	9.616E-06	9.616E-08	3.5098E-05	1.7549E-08
1,4 Dichlorobenzene	147	0.098	0.016026667	0.00219155	2.19155E-05	0.00799917	3.9996E-06
PERC/tetrachloroethene	165.8	33	4.784800965	0.73797209	0.007379721	2.69359814	0.0013468
Vinyl Chloride	62.498	20	7.693046177	0.44725581	0.004472558	1.63248372	0.00081624
Trichloroethene	131.39	1114	203.8249486	24.9121488	0.249121488	90.9293433	0.04546467
1_11-Trichloroethane	133.4	0.024	0.004325037	0.00053671	5.36707E-06	0.00195898	9.7949E-07
trans-1_2-Dichloroethene	96.95	33	8.182774626	0.73797209	0.007379721	2.69359814	0.0013468
1_1-Dichloroethene	96.95	4.6	1.14062919	0.10286884	0.001028688	0.37547126	0.00018774
1_1-Dichloroethane	98.96	0.0011	0.000267219	2.4599E-05	2.45991E-07	8.9787E-05	4.4893E-08
cis-1_2-Dichloroethene	96.95	2000	495.9257349	44.7255814	0.447255814	163.248372	0.08162419

Highest Daily Emissions for POCs = 0.716 lb/day Highest Daily Emissions for NPOCs = 0.007 lb/day

Toxics

Although the Trichloroethene (TCE) emissions would ordinarily warrant a Toxic Risk Screen Analysis, the applicant has indicated that he believes the concentrations will drop rapidly, and would prefer to accept a Trichloroethene (TCE) emission rate equal to the Toxic Trigger level. Influent flow to the abatement device may easily be diluted to achieve this lower emission rate. In accordance with the District's Regulation 2 Rule 5, the impact is then insignificant since the emission rate is below the trigger level requiring a Risk Analysis. The source will be implementing TBACT level control. Therefore, the Toxics Section has recommended the issuing of this A/C with a Trichloroethene (TCE) emission limit of 0.249 #/day and a vinyl chloride emission rate of 0.006 #/day.

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New Source Review

This proposed project will not emit over 10 lbs per highest day and is therefore not required to implement BACT. For Soil Vapor Extraction operations, BACT is defined as attainment of set destruction efficiencies corresponding to set influent concentration values. Operation of carbon vessels will be

conditioned to ensure attainment of an outlet concentration not to exceed 10 ppmv POC. Offsets need not be imposed as annual emissions will not exceed 10 tons.

CEQA

The project is considered to be ministerial under the Districts proposed CEQA Regulation 2-1-311 and therefore is not subject to CEQA review. The engineering review for this project requires only the application of standard permit conditions and standard emission factors and therefore is not discretionary as defined by CEQA. This project is in compliance with Chapters 9.2 of the permit handbook.

Compliance

Based on the information submitted, this operation is expected to be in compliance with Regulation 8-47-301, Emission Control Requirements, Specific compounds, The Trichloroethene (TCE) emissions shall be vented to carbon adsorption system at all times of operation.

Recommendation

Recommend that a conditional Authority to Construct be issued for sources:

S-1: Soil Vapor Extraction System consisting of a 250 max scfm vacuum blower, and ancillary equipment, abated by A-1, at least two (200 lb minimum capacity) Carbon Adsorption Vessels arranged in series.

Conditions:

- 1. Source S-1 at all times to Abatement device A-1, two (200 lb minimum capacity) activated carbon vessels arranged in series. Influent vapor flow shall not exceed 250 scfm. In no event shall Trichloroethene (TCE) emissions to the atmosphere exceed 0.249 pounds per day or 91 pounds per year and vinyl chloride emissions to the atmosphere exceed 0.006 pounds per day or 2.4 pounds per year for source S-1. [basis: Regulation 8-47-301, Cumulative Increase, Regulation 2-5, TBACT]
- 2. The owner/operator of this source shall monitor with a photo-ionization detector (PID), flame-ionization detector (FID), or other method approved in writing by the Air Pollution Control Officer at the following locations:
 - a. At the inlet to the second to last carbon vessel in series.
 - b. At the inlet to the last carbon vessel in series.
 - c. At the outlet of the carbon vessel that is last in series prior to venting to the atmosphere.

When using an FID to monitor breakthrough, readings may be taken with and without a carbon filter tip fitted on the FID probe. Concentrations measured with the carbon filter tip in place shall be considered methane for the purposes of these permit conditions.

3. These monitor readings in a monitoring log at the time they are taken. The monitoring results shall be used to estimate the frequency of carbon change-out necessary to maintain compliance with conditions number 4 and 5, and shall be conducted on a daily basis. The owner/operator of this source may propose for District review, based on actual measurements taken at the site during operation of the source, that the monitoring schedule be changed based on the decline in organic emissions and/or the demonstrated breakthrough rates of the carbon

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vessels. Written approval by the District's Permit Services Division must be received by the owner/operator prior to a change to the monitoring schedule.

- 4. The second to last carbon vessel shall be immediately changed out with unspent carbon upon breakthrough, defined as the detection at its outlet of the higher of the following:
 - a. 10 % of the inlet stream concentration to the Carbon vessel.
 - b. 10 ppmv or greater (measured as hexane).
- 5. The last carbon vessel shall be immediately changed out with unspent carbon upon detection at its outlet of 10 ppmv (measured as hexane).
- 6. The owner/operator of this source shall maintain the following records for each month of operation of the source:
 - a. The hours and times of operation.
 - b. Each monitor reading or analysis result for the day of operation they are taken.
 - c. The number of carbon beds removed from service.

All measurements, records and data required to be maintained by the owner/operator shall be retained and made available for inspection by the District for at least two years following the date the data is recorded. [basis: Regulation 1-523]

- 7. Any non-compliance of these conditions shall be reported to Compliance & Enforcement Division at the time that it is discovered. The submittal shall detail the corrective action taken and shall include the data showing the exceedance as well at the time of occurrence.
- 8. Upon final completion of the remediation project, the operator of Source S-1 shall notify the Engineering Division within two weeks of decommissioning the operation.

by	date	1/5/09	
Flora Chan Air Quality Engineer I			