# DRAFT ENGINEERING EVALUATION Verizon Wireless (HWY 24 & 680) P#19562-A#20185 1104 Saranap Ave. Walnut Creek, CA 94598

#### **BACKGROUND**

Verizon Wireless (HWY 24 & 680) has applied for an Authority to Construct and/or Permit to Operate the following equipment:

## S-1 Standby Emergency Diesel Generator Set: Diesel Engine Make: John Deere; Model: 5030HF285G; Rated Horsepower: 96 HP; Model Year: 2009

The standby generator set will be located at 1104 Saranap Ave. in Walnut Creek, California. It provides emergency power (in the event of a blackout) for all essential electrically powered equipment at the above site. The emergency engine must be periodically tested to ensure that it will generate electricity when needed.

#### **EMISSIONS SUMMARY**

#### **Annual Emissions:**

The manufacturer-supplied, ISO 8178-D2 test-cycle emission factors for S-1 (96 HP- diesel engine) that are listed below in Table (1). For this report, it is assumed that the emission value of Total Unburned Hydrocarbons (HC) is equivalent to the emission value of POC.

Table (1)

<b>Emission Factors</b>					
Component	Emission (g/kw·hr)	Emission (g/bhp·hr)			
NOx	4.53	3.378			
CO	0.911	0.679			
POC	0.233	0.174			
$PM_{10}$	0.133	0.099			
SO <sub>2</sub> *	0.0074	0.0055			

<sup>\*</sup>The emission factor for SO2 is from Chapter 3, Table 3.4-1 of the EPA Document AP-42, Compilation of Air Pollutant Emission Factors. SO<sub>2</sub> 8.09E-3 (% S in fuel oil) lb/hp-hr = 8.09E-3 (0.0015% S) (454 g/lb) = 0.0055 g/hp-hr

### Maximum Emissions in Tons per year:

Table (2)

	240.10 (2)								
	Maximum Emissions in Tons per year								
Pollutant		g/hp-hr	hp	hr/yr	1 lb/453.6 g		lb/yr		TPY
NOx	=	3.378	96	50	0.0022	=	35.747	=	0.018
CO	=	0.679	96	50	0.0022	=	7.189	=	0.004
POC	=	0.174	96	50	0.0022	=	1.839	=	0.001
$PM_{10}$	=	0.099	96	50	0.0022	=	1.050	=	0.001
$SO_2$	=	0.0055	96	50	0.0022	=	0.058	=	0.00003

### **Maximum Daily Emissions:**

A full 24-hour day will be assumed since no daily limits are imposed on intermittent and unexpected operations. Check Table (3) for emissions per day.

Table (3)

	14516 (6)							
	Maximum Daily Emissions							
Pollutant		g/hp-hr	hp	hr/day	1 lb/453.6 g		lb/day	
NOx	=	3.378	96	24	0.0022	=	17.158	
CO	=	0.679	96	24	0.0022	=	3.451	
POC	=	0.174	96	24	0.0022	$\parallel$	0.883	
PM <sub>10</sub>	=	0.099	96	24	0.0022	=	0.504	
$SO_2$	=	0.0055	96	24	0.0022	=	0.028	

**Plant Cumulative Increase: (tons/year):** Cumulative increase from the plant is as shown in Table (4).

Table (4)

Plant Cumulative Increase						
Pollutant	Existing	New	Total			
	tons/yr.	tons/yr.	tons/yr.			
NOx	0	0.018	0.018			
CO	0	0.004	0.004			
POC	0	0.001	0.001			
PM10	0	0.001	0.001			
$SO_2$	0	0.00003	0.00003			
NPOC	0	0.000	0.000			

#### **Toxic Risk Screening:**

The toxic emission of diesel particulate exceeds the District Risk Screening Trigger level, as shown below in Table (5). A Risk Screening Analysis has been performed.

Table (5)

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Toxic Emission Of Diesel Particulate						
Source	$PM_{10}$	HP	Annual	Diesel	Trigger	Risk Screen
	Emission		Usage	Exhaust	Level (lb/yr)	Required?
	Factor		(Hours/year)	Particulate		(Yes/No)
	(g/HP-hr)			Emissions		
				(lb/year)		
1	0.099	96	50	1.050	0.58	Yes

#### Calculation:

 $\begin{array}{ll} PM_{10} \ from \ CARB \ Certified \ levels \ 0.133 \ (g/kW-hr) \ / \ 1.341 \ (hp/kW) = 0.099 (g/hp-hr) \\ Diesel \ Exhaust \ Particular \ Emission \ (lb/yr.) & = PM_{10} \ (g/hp-hr) \ ^*HP \ ^*Annual \ Usage \ (hr/yr) \\ & = 0.099 \ ^*96 \ ^*50 \\ & = 476.06 \ g/yr \ / \ 453.6 \ g/lb \\ & = 1.050 \ lb/yr \end{array}$ 

Since the engine meets Best Available Control Technology for Toxics (TBACT) requirements (emission level of 0.15 g/hp-hr or less), the maximum acceptable cancer risk is 10 in a million. Results from the health risk screening analysis show that for 50 hours of operation per year, excluding periods when operation is required due to emergency conditions, the risk to the maximally exposed nearest receptor is 6.4 in a million. The analysis was performed at a  $PM_{10}$  emission of 1.050 lb/year (see the April 15, 2009 memo from the Toxics Evaluation Section). In accordance with the District's Risk Management Regulation (2-5), this risk level is considered acceptable.

#### **Public Notification:**

Since this plant is located within 1000 ft of a school public notification is required.

#### STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

S-1 is subject to the monitoring and record keeping requirements of Regulation 9-8-530 and the SO2 limitations of 9-1-301 (ground-level concentration) and 9-1-304 (0.5% by weight in fuel). Regulation 9-8-530 requirements are incorporated into the proposed permit conditions. Compliance with Regulation 9-1 is expected since diesel fuel with a 15 ppm by weight sulfur is mandated for use in California. Like all sources, S-1 is subject to Regulation 6 ("Particulate and Visible Emissions"). This engine is not expected to produce visible emissions or fallout in violation of this regulation and its assumed to comply with Regulation 6 pending a regular inspection.

This application is considered ministerial under the District's proposed CEQA guidelines (Regulation 2-1-312) and therefore is not subject to CEQA review.

#### **Best Available Control Technology (BACT):**

In accordance with Regulation 2, Rule 2, Section 301, BACT is triggered for any new or modified source with the potential to emit 10 pounds or more per highest day of POC, NPOC, NOx, CO, SO<sub>2</sub> or PM<sub>10</sub>.

Based on the emission calculations above, the owner/operator of S-1 is subject to BACT for the following pollutants: POC, NOx and CO. BACT 1 levels do not apply for 'engines used exclusively for emergency use during involuntary loss of power' as per Reference b, Document 96.1.2 of the BAAQMD BACT Guidelines for IC Engines. Hence, the owner/operator has to the meet BACT 2 limits presented below in Table (6).

**Table (6)** 

	BACT 2 Limits						
POLLUTANT	BACT 1. Technologically Feasible/ Cost Effective 2. Achieved in Practice 3. TBACT	TYPICAL TECHNOLOGY					
POC	1. <b>0.30 g/bhp-hr</b> [62 ppmvd @ 15% O <sub>2</sub> ] <sup>a,b</sup> 2. <b>1.5 g/bhp-hr</b> [309 ppmvd @ 15% O <sub>2</sub> ] <sup>b</sup>	Catalytic Oxidation and CARB or EPA (or equivalent) low-total hydrocarbon emitting certified engine <sup>a,b</sup> CARB or EPA (or equivalent) low-total hydrocarbon emitting certified engine b,c					
NOx	1. 1.5 g/bhp-hr [107 ppmvd @ 15% O <sub>2</sub> ] a.b 2. 6.9 g/bhp-hr [490 ppmvd @ 15% O <sub>2</sub> ] a.b.c 3. 69 g/bhp-hr [490 ppmvd @ 15% O <sub>2</sub> ]	<ol> <li>Selective Catalytic Reduction (SCR) + Timing Retard + Turbocharger w/ Intercooler <sup>a,b</sup></li> <li>Timing Retard ≤ 4° + Turbocharger w/ Intercooler <sup>a,b,c</sup></li> <li>Timing Retard ≤ 4° + Turbocharger w/ Intercooler</li> </ol>					
СО	1. n/s 2. 2.75 g/bhp-hr [319 ppmvd @ 15% O2] b.c	Catalytic Oxidation <sup>b</sup> CARB or EPA (or equivalent) low-CO emitting certified engine b, c					

For POC, NOx, and CO, the emission limits set by BACT 2 are met, as shown in Table (7) below.

**Table (7)** 

Analysis of BACT2 Limits							
	Engine Emission	<b>Emission Factor</b>	Have the				
	Factors with	Limits as set by	limits				
Pollutant	Catalyst (g/hp-hr)	BACT 2 (g/hp-hr)	been met?				
POC	0.174	1.5	YES				
NOx	3.378	6.9	YES				
CO	0.679	2.75	YES				

Therefore, S-1 is determined to comply with the BACT 2 limits for POC, NOx and CO. Since CARB certification data was used to establish the POC, NOx and CO emission factors, the BACT 2 emission limits have not been incorporated into the permit conditions and are assumed to be complied with through the design standards demonstrated by the CARB certification testing.

**Offsets**: Offsets must be provided for any new or modified source at a facility that emits more than 10 tons/yr of POC or NOx. Based on the emission calculations above, offsets are not required for this application.

PSD, NSPS, and NESHAPS do not apply.

**Airborne Toxic Control Measure (ATCM):** This facility will comply with the stationary diesel engine ATCM. Compliance with the following permit conditions will meet the ATCM requirements.

#### PERMIT CONDITIONS

Condition #22850 for S-1 Emergency Standby Diesel Engine Generator Set, at Plant #19562

- Operating for reliability-related activities is limited to 50 hours per year per engine. [Basis: "Stationary Diesel Engine ATCM" section 93115, title 17, CA Code of Regulations, subsection (e)(2)(B)(3) or Regulation 2-5]
- The owner or operator shall operate each emergency standby engine only for the following purposes: to mitigate emergency conditions, for emission testing to demonstrate compliance with a District, state or Federal emission limit, or for reliability-related activities (maintenance and other testing, but excluding emission testing). Operating while mitigating emergency conditions or while emission testing to show compliance with District, state or Federal emission limits is not limited.

  [Basis: "Stationary Diesel Engine ATCM" section 93115, title 17, CA Code of Regulations, subsection (e)(2)(A)(3)] or (e)(2)(B)(3)]
- 3) The owner/operator shall operate each emergency standby engine only when a non-resettable totalizing meter (with a minimum display capability of 9,999 hours) that measures the hours of operation for the engine is installed, operated and properly maintained.
  - [Basis:" Stationary Diesel Engine ATCM" section 93115, title 17, CA Code of Regulations, subsection (e)(4)(G)(1)]

- 4) Records: The owner/operator shall maintain the following monthly records in a District-approved log for at least 36 months from the date of entry (60 months if the facility has been issued a Title V Major Facility Review Permit or a Synthetic Minor Operating Permit). Log entries shall be retained on-site, either at a central location or at the engine's location, and made immediately available to the District staff upon request.
  - a. Hours of operation for reliability-related activities (maintenance and testing).
  - b. Hours of operation for emission testing to show compliance with emission limits.
  - c. Hours of operation (emergency).
  - d. For each emergency, the nature of the emergency condition.
  - e. Fuel usage for each engine(s).

[Basis: "Stationary Diesel Engine ATCM" section 93115, title 17, CA Code of Regulations, subsection (e)(4)(I), (or, Regulation 2-6-501)]

- 5. At School and Near-School Operation: If the emergency standby engine is located on school grounds or within 500 feet of any school grounds, the following requirements shall apply: The owner or operator shall not operate each stationary emergency standby diesel-fueled engine for non-emergency use, including maintenance and testing, during the following periods:
  - a. Whenever there is a school sponsored activity (if the engine is located on school grounds).
  - b. Between 7:30 a.m. and 3:30 p.m. on days when school is in session.

    "School" or "School Grounds" means any public or private school used for the purposes of the education of more than 12 children in kindergarten or any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, but does not include any private school in which education is primarily conducted in a private home(s). "School" or "School Grounds" includes any building or structure, playground, athletic field, or other areas of school property but does not include unimproved school property.

[Basis: "Stationary Diesel Engine ATCM" section 93115, title 17, CA Code of Regulations, subsection (e)(2)(A)(1)] or (e)(2)(B)(2)] End of Conditions

#### RECOMMENDATION

Issue an Authority to Construct to Verizon Wireless (HWY 24 & 680) located at 1104 Saranap Ave. in Walnut Creek, California:

<b>EXEMPTIONS</b> None.				
	Ву:	Madhav Patil	Date:_	05/04/09

	Acronyms					
S	Source one	NPOC	Non- Precursor Organic Compound			
HP	Horse Power	TBACT	Best Available Control Technology for Toxics			
CARB	California Air Resource Board	BACT	Best Available Control Technology			
NOx	Oxides of Nitrogen as NO <sub>2</sub>	BAAQMD	Bay Area Air Quality Management District			
CO	Carbon Monoxide	IC Engines	Internal Combustion Engines			
POC	Precursor Organic Compound	EPA	Environmental Protection Agency			
HC	Hydrocarbons	SCR	Selective Catalytic Reduction			
$PM_{10}$	Particulate Matter	PSD	Prevention of Significant Deterioration			
$SO_2$	Sulfur Dioxide	NSPS	New Source Performance Standard			
$O_2$	Oxygen	NESHAPS	National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants			
ppmv	parts per million by volume	CEQA	California Environmental Quality Act			
ATCM	Airborne Toxic Control Measure					