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INORGANIC GASEOUS POLLUTANTS
RULE 10
NITROGEN OXIDES AND CARBON MONOXIDE FROM BOILERS, STEAM GENERATORS AND PROCESS HEATERS IN PETROLEUM REFINERIES

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INORGANIC GASEOUS POLLUTANTS
RULE 10
NITROGEN OXIDES AND CARBON MONOXIDE FROM BOILERS, STEAM GENERATORS AND PROCESS HEATERS IN PETROLEUM REFINERIES
(Adopted January 5, 1994)

9-10-100 GENERAL

9-10-101 Description: This rule limits the emissions of nitrogen oxides and carbon monoxide from boilers, steam generators, and process heaters, including CO boilers, in petroleum refineries.

(Amended December 15, 2010)

9-10-110 Exemptions: The requirements of this rule shall not apply to the following:
110.1 Boilers, steam generators and process heaters with a rated heat input less than 2 million BTU/hour, if fired exclusively with natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas, or any combination thereof.

110.2 Boilers, steam generators and process heaters with a rated heat input less than 1 million BTU/hour fired with any fuel.

110.3 Waste heat recovery boilers that are used to recover sensible heat from the exhaust of combustion turbines or reciprocating internal combustion engines.

110.4 Boilers, steam generators and process heaters processing hydrogen sulfide process flue gas in sulfur recovery plants and their tail-gas treating units, or sulfuric acid manufacturing plants.

110.5 Boilers, steam generators and process heaters fired on non-gaseous fuel when natural gas is unavailable for use.

110.6 Boilers, steam generators and process heaters, including CO boilers, that receive an Authority to Construct subject to BACT requirements for NOx on or after January 5, 1994.

(Amended December 15, 2010)

9-10-111 Limited Exemption, Small Units: The requirements of Sections 9-10-301, 303, and 305 and 308 shall not apply to the use of any small units, provided the requirements of Section 9-10-306 are satisfied.

(Amended 7/17/02; 12/15/10)

9-10-112 Limited Exemption, Low Fuel Usage: The requirements of Sections 9-10-301, 303, and 305 and 308 shall not apply to the use of any boiler, steam generator or process heater that has an annual heat input less than 90,000 therms during each consecutive 12-month period or that accepts a condition in its Title V Permit to Operate limiting the annual heat input to less than 90,000 therms, provided the requirements of Sections 9-10-306 and 502.2 are satisfied.

(Amended 7/17/02; 12/15/10)

9-10-113 Limited Exemption, Alternate NOx Compliance Plan: The requirements of Section 9-10-301 shall not apply to the use of any boiler, steam generator or process heater at a refinery subject to Section 9-10-308. When a refinery is subject to Section 9-10-308, no boiler, steam generator or process heater at the refinery shall be subject to Section 9-10-301.

9-10-200 DEFINITIONS

9-10-201 Deleted December 15, 2010

9-10-202 Boiler or Steam Generator: Any combustion equipment used to produce steam or heat water.

9-10-203 British Thermal Unit (BTU): The amount of heat required to raise the temperature of one pound of water from 59°F to 60°F at one atmosphere.
CO Boiler: A CO boiler is any boiler or furnace that processes the off-gases from a catalytic cracking unit (CCU) regenerator or a coker burner. A partial-burn CO boiler normally processes off-gases from a CCU regenerator that is operated in a partial-burn mode such that the off-gases normally have a CO concentration exceeding 2% by volume.

(Amended December 15, 2010)

Heat-Input: The heat of combustion released due to burning a fuel in a source, using higher heating value of the fuel. This does not include the sensible heat of incoming combustion air. In the case of carbon monoxide boilers, the heat input includes the sensible heat of regenerator off-gases and the heat of combustion of the incoming carbon monoxide and of the auxiliary fuel.

Higher Heating Value (HHV): The total heat liberated per mass of fuel burned (BTU per pound) when fuel and dry air at standard conditions undergo complete combustion and all resultant products are brought to their standard states at standard conditions per Section 9-10-604.

Natural Gas: Any mixture of gaseous hydrocarbons containing at least 80 percent methane by volume, as determined according to Standard Method ASTM D1945-64.

Nitrogen Oxides (NOx): The sum of nitric oxide (NO) and nitrogen dioxide (NO2) in the flue gas, collectively expressed as nitrogen dioxide.

Non-Gaseous Fuel: Any fuel that is not a gas at 68°F and one atmosphere.

Operating Day: 24 hours from midnight to midnight.

Out of Service: The period of time during which a unit is in an inactive state following shutdown.

Petroleum Refinery: Any facility engaged in producing gasoline, kerosene, distillate fuel oils, residual fuel oils, lubricants or other products through distillation of petroleum or through redistillation, cracking, or reforming of unfinished petroleum derivatives.

Process Heater: Any combustion equipment that transfers heat from combustion gases to water or process streams.

Rated Heat Input: The heat input capacity specified on the nameplate of the combustion source. If the combustion source has been physically modified and/or operated in such a manner that its maximum heat input is different from the heat input capacity specified on the nameplate, then the modified maximum heat input per Section 9-10-503 shall be considered as the rated heat input.

Refinery-wide Emission Rate: The ratio of the total mass of discharge into the atmosphere of nitrogen oxides, in pounds, to the sum of the actual heat input, in million BTU, calculated over a twenty-four (24) hour operating day.

Small Unit: Any refinery boiler, steam generator or process heater with a rated heat input less than 10 million BTU/hour.

Startup or Shutdown: Startup is that period of time, not to exceed twelve (12) hours unless specifically extended by a Title V Permit to Operate, during which a unit is brought up to its normal operating temperature from a cold start, initially at zero fuel flow, by following a prescribed series of separate steps or operations. Shutdown is that period of time, not to exceed nine (9) hours unless specifically extended by a Title V Permit to Operate, during which a unit is taken out of service from a normal operating mode to an inactive status following a prescribed series of separate steps or operations.

Therm: One hundred thousand (100,000) BTUs.

Best Available Control Technology (BACT): As defined in Regulation 2, Rule 2.

(Amended December 15, 2010)
OPTION 1

9-10-222 Curtained Operation Under Low Firing Rate Conditions: Operation of a boiler, steam generator or process heater at no more than 30% of its rated heat input, not including when monitoring compliance as described in Section 301.4.2. Operation under low firing rate conditions does not include startup or shutdown periods.

OPTION 2

9-10-222 Curtained Operation or Curtainment: Operation of a boiler, steam generator or process heater at no more than 30% of its rated heat input, and for not more than 5 consecutive days, when monitoring compliance as described in Section 301.4.2. Curtainment does not include startup or shutdown periods.

(Aprtized December 15, 2010)

9-10-300 STANDARDS

9-10-301 Refinery-wide NOx Emission Limit: A person shall not exceed a refinery-wide emission rate from boilers, steam generators and process heaters, excluding CO boilers, of 0.033 pounds NOx per million BTU of heat input, based on an operating day average. Boilers, steam generators and process heaters that are undergoing startup or shutdown, that are temporarily out of service, that are in curtailed operation, or that are test-fired on non-gaseous fuel, boilers, steam generators and process heaters that are test-fired on non-gaseous fuel, that are undergoing startup or shutdown, that are in curtailed operation, or that are temporarily out of service shall be included in the refinery-wide emission rate as follows:

301.1 Deleted December 15, 2010
301.2 Deleted December 15, 2010
301.3 Units Test-Fired On Non-Gaseous Fuel: For the purposes of determining compliance with the emission limit of Section 9-10-301, the emission contribution of each boiler, steam generator or process heater that is fired on non-gaseous fuel for equipment testing shall be taken as the operating day average of NOx emissions at the average heat input over the previous thirty (30) day period. Equipment testing shall not exceed a total of forty-eight (48) hours during any calendar year for any one unit.

301.4 Units in Start-up or Shutdown or [OPTION 1] operating under Low Firing Rate Conditions [OPTION 2] in Curtained Operation: For the purposes of determining compliance with the emission limit of Section 9-10-301, the emission contribution of each boiler, steam generator or process heater that is undergoing startup or shutdown, or that is [OPTION 1] operating under low firing rate conditions [OPTION 2] in curtailed operation shall be one of the following as follows:

4.1 The operating day average NOx emissions (either from a continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS) or from an equivalent parametric monitoring system developed in accordance with a Title V Permit and Section 9-10-502.1), and the operating day heat input.

4.2 The operating day average NOx emissions (either from a CEMS or from an equivalent parametric monitoring system developed in accordance with a Title V Permit and Section 9-10-502.1), and the operating day heat input averaged over the previous thirty (30) day period or, subject to the approval of the APCO, an alternate 30-day period representative of normal operation.

4.1 For each boiler, steam generator or process heater that is undergoing startup or shutdown, the emission contribution shall be one of the following:

1.1 The operating day average NOx emissions (either from a continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS) or from an equivalent parametric monitoring system developed in
accordance with a Permit to Operate and Section 9-10-502.1), and the operating day heat input.

1.2 The operating day average NOx emissions (either from a CEMS or from an equivalent parametric monitoring system developed in accordance with a Permit to Operate and Section 9-10-502.1), and the operating day heat input averaged over the previous thirty (30) day period or, subject to the approval of the APCO, an alternate 30-day period representative of normal operation.

**OPTION 1**

4.2 For each boiler, steam generator or process heater that is operating under low firing rate conditions, the emission contribution shall be the operating day average NOx emissions from one of the following: 1) continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS), 2) an emission factor approved by the APCO specifically for this purpose in accordance with Section 9-10-502.1, or 3) an emission factor of 0.145 pounds NOx per million BTU of heat input, and the operating day heat input.

**OPTION 2**

4.2 For each boiler, steam generator or process heater that is in curtailed operation, the emission contribution shall be calculated in accordance with Section 301.4.1. This calculation procedure shall be used no more than sixty (60) days for any boiler, steam generator or process heater in a calendar year.

301.5 Units Temporarily Out of Service: For the purposes of determining compliance with the emission limit of Section 9-10-301, the emission contribution of each boiler, steam generator or process heater that is temporarily out of service shall be the operating day average NOx emissions (either from a continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS) or from an equivalent parametric monitoring system developed in accordance with a Title V Permit to Operate and Section 9-10-502.1), and the operating day heat input, averaged over the previous thirty (30) day period or, subject to the approval of the APCO, an alternate 30-day period representative of normal operation.

(Amended December 15, 2010)

9-10-302 Deleted July 17, 2002

9-10-303 Federal Refinery-wide and CO Boiler NOx Emission Limits: A person shall not exceed a refinery-wide emission rate from boilers, steam generators or process heaters, excluding CO boilers, of 0.20 pounds NOx per million BTU of heat input, based on an operating day average.

303.1 Except during startup and shutdown, a person shall not operate a CO boiler unless the emissions of nitrogen oxides (NOx) do not exceed 300 ppmv, dry at 3% oxygen, based on an operating day average.

(Amended 7/17/02; 12/15/10)

9-10-304 Interim NOx Emission Limit For CO Boilers: Until Section 9-10-307 is effective, and except during startup and shutdown, a person shall not operate a CO boiler unless at least one of the following is met:

304.1 Emissions of nitrogen oxides (NOx) do not exceed 150 ppmv, dry at 3% oxygen, based on an operating day average; or

304.2 Emissions of nitrogen oxides (NOx) are controlled by an emission control system with a NOx control efficiency of at least 50 percent by weight.

(Amended December 15, 2010)

9-10-305 CO Emission Limit: Except during start-up, shutdown or [OPTION 1] operation under low firing rate conditions [OPTION 2] curtailed operation, a person shall not operate a boiler, steam generator or process heater, including CO boilers, unless carbon monoxide emissions of 400 ppmv, dry at 3% oxygen, based on an operating day average, are not exceeded.

(Amended December 15, 2010)
9-10-306 **Small Unit Requirements:** A person shall not operate a small unit unless at least one of the following is met:

306.1 Operate in a manner that maintains stack-gas oxygen concentrations at less than or equal to 3 percent by volume on a dry basis; or

306.2 Tune at least once every twelve (12) months, or within two weeks of unit startup if not operated in the last twelve (12) months, by a technician in accordance with the procedure specified in Section 9-10-605; or

306.3 Meet the applicable emission limits in Sections 9-10-301, 303 and 305.

(Amended December 15, 2010)

9-10-307 **Final NOx Emission Limits For CO Boilers:** Effective January 1, 2015, and except during start-up or shutdown, a person shall not operate a CO boiler unless it meets the applicable NOx emission limits in Sections 9-10-307.1 and 307.2.

307.1 A person shall not operate a non-partial-burn CO boiler, except for a partial-burn CO boiler, unless the following NOx limits are not exceeded:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Averaging Period</th>
<th>NOx (ppmv, dry at 3% (O_2))</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.1 Operating day (excluding periods when the CO boiler does not process CCU regenerator offgas)</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2 Calendar year</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

307.2 A person shall not operate a partial-burn CO boiler, unless the following NOx limits are not exceeded:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Averaging Period</th>
<th>NOx (ppmv, dry at 3% (O_2))</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2.1 Operating day</td>
<td>125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.2 Calendar year</td>
<td>85</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(AAdopted December 15, 2010)

9-10-308 **Alternate NOx Compliance Plan:** A person at a refinery with an Alternate NOx Compliance Plan that has been approved in accordance with Section 9-10-405 and that has implemented the required monitoring provisions in this section, shall not exceed the refinery-wide Daily NOx Limit from boilers, steam generators and process heaters, excluding CO boilers, specified in this section and shall not be subject to the limit in Section 9-10-301. The Alternate NOx Compliance Plan shall apply to all boilers, steam generators and process heaters that are subject to the NOx limit in Section 9-10-301 at the time the plan is approved (referred to as devices in this section), and shall apply to no other boilers, steam generators or process heaters. A Daily NOx Limit shall apply to all boilers, steam generators and process heaters covered by the Alternate NOx Compliance Plan. The value of the limit shall be the sum of the Baseline NOx Daily Emissions for each device that will be subject to the Daily NOx Limit, expressed in tons per day of NOx. The Baseline NOx Daily Emissions for each device shall be the annual average NOx emission calculated in accordance with the procedure in Regulation 2, Rule 2 for calculation of Emission Reduction Credits, divided by 365, with no adjustment based on offsets provided or to reflect current RACT or BARCT standards. The Baseline NOx Daily Emissions during the baseline period shall, when possible, be based on a continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS) that meets the requirements of Regulation 1-522. A refinery may use IERCs to comply with the Daily NOx Limit pursuant to Regulation 2, Rule 9.

1.1 At a refinery that used Interchangeable Emission Reduction Credits (IERCs) to comply with Section 9-10-301 during the baseline period, the value of the Daily NOx Limit shall be reduced by an amount equal to the annual average amount of NOx IERC credits applied to Section 9-10-301 during the baseline period used for purposes of
Section 308.1. The required reduction of the Daily NOx Limit shall be lessened (at a 1.15 to 1.0 ratio) by any NOx Emission Reduction Credits (ERCs) generated in accordance with Regulation 2, Rule 2 and surrendered at the time of the application for the Alternate NOx Compliance Plan.

1.2 At a refinery with an Authority to Construct issued before adoption date, if the actions permitted in the Authority to Construct would require additional NOx IERC credits to comply with Section 9-10-301, then those additional NOx IERC credits shall also be applied as a reduction to the Daily NOx Limit in Section 9-10-308.1.1, and may be mitigated with NOx ERCs as described in that section.

308.2 No later than 18 months after approval of a Alternate NOx Compliance Plan, a person operating a device subject to that Plan shall equip that device with a continuous emission monitoring systems (CEMS) for nitrogen oxide (NOx), carbon monoxide (CO), and oxygen (O2) that meet the requirements of Regulation 1-522.

308.3 A person operating a device subject to an Daily NOx Limit shall determine compliance with that limit on a daily basis. The CEMS required in Section 9-10-308.3 shall be the basis for determining compliance.

308.4 The value of the Daily NOx Limit shall be reduced when a device subject to this limit is no longer subject to this rule. The amount of the reduction shall be equal to the same Baseline NOx Daily Emissions for the device in Section 308.1.

9-10-400 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

9-10-401 Deleted December 15, 2010
9-10-402 Deleted December 15, 2010
9-10-403 Deleted December 15, 2010
9-10-404 Final Control and Monitoring Plan: A person subject to Section 9-10-307 shall comply with the following increments of progress:

404.1 No later than twenty-four (24) months prior to the effective date of Section 9-10-307, submit to the APCO a control plan detailing the proposed measures, if any, to be taken in order to meet the requirements of Section 9-10-307, as well as proposed measures, if any, to be taken to continue to meet the requirements of Section 9-10-301.

404.2 No later than eighteen (18) months prior to the effective date of Section 9-10-307, submit applications for all Authorities to Construct required for compliance with Section 9-10-307.

404.3 No later than 30 days after the effective date of Section 9-10-307, perform testing for nitrogen oxide and carbon monoxide emissions at each CO boiler subject to Section 9-10-307 at the rated heat input or as near thereto as practicable. This requirement may be satisfied by monitoring nitrogen oxide and carbon monoxide emissions with a continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS).

(Adopted December 15, 2010)

9-10-405 Application for an Alternate NOx Compliance Plan: An application for an Alternate NOx Compliance Plan may be submitted by a person who operates a refinery where a boiler, steam generator or process heater is subject to Section 9-10-301. The application shall be submitted and processed in accordance with the provisions for an Authority to Construct. The fees for the application shall be as specified in Regulation 3 for an alternate compliance plan. The application shall include the following information, which shall be included in the Permit to Operate for the boiler, steam generator or process heater:

405.1 The proposed effective date of the Alternate NOx Compliance Plan.
405.2 A list of the devices that will be subject to a Daily NOx Limit, as specified in Section 9-10-308, and for each device.
2.1 The Baseline NOx Daily Emissions determined in accordance with
Section 9-10-308.1, including the data used to establish the Baseline
NOx Daily Emissions and the source(s) of the data.

2.2 A substitute daily emission value to be used in the absence of CEMS
data and determined from representative source test data measured
in accordance with District Manual of Procedures, Volume IV, ST-
13A (nitrogen oxides) and ST-14 (oxygen), and shall include the
source test report.

9-10-500 MONITORING AND RECORDS

9-10-501 Deleted December 15, 2010

9-10-502 Monitoring: A person subject to Sections 9-10-301, 303, 304, 305 or 307 shall
maintain in good working order, and operate the following equipment:

502.1 A person subject to Sections 9-10-301, 303, 304, 305 or 307 shall maintain in
good working order, and operate an in-stack nitrogen oxide (NOx), carbon
monoxide (CO), and oxygen (O2) continuous emission monitoring system
(CEMS), or equivalent parametric monitoring system as specified in the
District Manual of Procedures or a Title V Permit to Operate. A person
subject to Section 9-10-308 shall maintain an in-stack nitrogen oxide (NOx),
carbon monoxide (CO), and oxygen (O2) continuous emission monitoring
system (CEMS) as specified in the District Manual of Procedures. The
CEMS shall meet the requirements of the District Manual of Procedures,
Volume V, Continuous Emission Monitoring, Policy and Procedures.

502.2 A person subject to Sections 9-10-301, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307 or 308 shall
maintain in good working order, and operate a fuel-flow meter in each fuel
line for each boiler, steam generator and process heater, including each CO
boiler.

(Amended 7/17/02; 12/15/10)

9-10-503 Modified Maximum Heat Input: Any unit that has been physically modified such
that its maximum heat input is different than the heat input specified on the
nameplate shall demonstrate to the APCO the maximum heat input while operating
the source at maximum capacity.

9-10-504 Records: The owner/operator of a source subject to this rule shall keep the following
records, in a form suitable for inspection for a period of at least five (5) years. Such
records shall be retained for a minimum of sixty (60) months from date of entry and
made available to the APCO upon request. These records shall include, but are not
limited to the following:

504.1 For all sources subject to the requirements of Sections 9-10-301, 303, 304,
305, 307 or 404.3:

1.1 The continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS) measurements
for NOx and CO (ppmv corrected to 3% oxygen) and O2 (percent by
volume on a dry basis) or equivalent parametric monitoring system
parameters for NOx, CO, and O2 in ppmv; and hourly (lb/hour) and
daily (lb/day) NOx emissions for each source. Measurements shall
be submitted in a digital format that can be readily imported into
standard database tools as specified by the APCO.

1.2 The type, heat input (BTU/hr and BTU/day), and higher heating value
of each fuel burned, and the injection rate for any reactant chemicals
used by the emission control system(s) on a daily basis.

1.3 The date, time, and duration of any startup, shutdown, [OPTION1]
operation under low firing rate conditions [OPTION 2] curtailment or
malfunction in the operation of any unit, emission control equipment
or emission monitoring equipment.

1.4 The results of performance testing, evaluations, calibrations, checks,
adjustments, and maintenance of any CEMS required by this rule.
1.5 A list of all sources subject to the NOx refinery-wide emission rate limits in Sections 9-10-301 and 303.
1.6 Total NOx emissions and total heat input for all sources listed in Section 9-10-504.1.5, on a daily basis.
1.7 The date, time and duration of all start-up and shutdown periods and [OPTION 1] periods of operation under low firing rate conditions [OPTION 2] curtailment periods.
1.8 The results of source tests required by Section 9-10-404.3.

504.2 For all sources subject to Section 9-10-306.2, records of annual tune-ups.
504.3 For all devices subject to Section 9-10-308 required to be monitored with CEMS:
3.1 The continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS) measurements for NOx and CO (ppmv corrected to 3% oxygen) and O2 (percent by volume on a dry basis); and hourly (lb/hour) and daily (lb/day) NOx emissions for each source. Measurements shall be submitted in a digital format that can be readily imported into standard database tools as specified by the APCO.
3.2 The type, heat input (BTU/hr and BTU/day), and higher heating value of each fuel burned, and the injection rate for any reactant chemicals used by the emission control system(s) on a daily basis.
3.3 The date, time, and duration of all startup, shutdown, [OPTION1] operation under low firing rate conditions [OPTION 2] curtailment or malfunction in the operation of all devices, emission control equipment or emission monitoring equipment.
3.4 The results of performance testing, evaluations, calibrations, checks, adjustments, and maintenance of any CEMS required by this rule.
3.5 Total NOx emissions and total heat input for all devices, on a daily basis.

505.1 A person subject to the requirements of Sections 9-10-301, 303, 304, 305, 306 or 307 shall report to the APCO any violation of these sections in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 1-522 for continuous emission monitoring systems (CEMS) and Regulation 1-523 for parametric monitoring systems.
505.2 A person subject to the requirements of Sections 9-10-301, 303, 304, 305, 306 or 307 shall submit a written report for each calendar quarter to the APCO. The report shall be due on the 30th day following the end of the calendar quarter and shall include:
2.1 A summary of the data obtained from the CEMS or equivalent parametric monitoring system and the fuel meters installed pursuant to Section 9-10-502; and
2.2 The date, time, duration, and magnitude of emissions in excess of the appropriate standards; the nature and cause of the excess (if known); the corrective actions taken; and the preventive measure adopted.

505.3 A person subject to the requirements of Section 9-10-308 shall submit to the APCO:
3.1 A report for each calendar quarter. The report shall be due on the 30th day following the end of the calendar quarter and shall include:
1.1 A summary of the data obtained from the CEMS and the fuel meters installed pursuant to Section 9-10-502; and
1.2 The date, time, duration, and magnitude of emissions in excess of the appropriate standards; the nature and cause of the excess
(if known); the corrective actions taken; and the preventive measure adopted.

1.3 A report of any violation of Section 308 in accordance with the requirements of Regulation 1-522 for continuous emission monitoring systems (CEMS).

3.2 A notification at least 30 days before the required monitoring is fully implemented and operation begins under Section 9-10-308.

3.3 A permit application shall be submitted to amend the Alternate Compliance Plan whenever the prov isions of Section 9-10-308.4 are triggered. The application shall be submitted within 30 days of the event that triggers these provisions.

9-10-600 MANUAL OF PROCEDURES

9-10-601 Determination of Nitrogen Oxides: Compliance with the nitrogen oxide emission requirements of Sections 9-10-301, 303, 304, and 307 and 308 shall be determined by a continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS) that meets the requirements of Regulation 1-522, or by an equivalent parametric monitoring system that is authorized in a Title V Permit to Operate and that meets the requirements of Regulation 1-523. CEMS operation and compliance with Section 9-10-404.3 shall be verified by source test as set forth in the District Manual of Procedures, Volume IV, ST-13A (nitrogen oxides) and ST-14 (oxygen).

9-10-602 Determination of Carbon Monoxide and Stack-Gas Oxygen: Compliance with the carbon monoxide emission requirements of Section 9-10-305 shall be determined by a continuous emission monitoring system (CEMS) that meets the requirements of Regulation 1-522, or by an equivalent parametric monitoring system that is authorized in a Title V Permit to Operate and that meets the requirements of Regulation 1-523. CEMS operation and compliance with Section 9-10-404.3 shall be verified by source test as set forth in the District Manual of Procedures, Volume IV, ST-6 (carbon monoxide) and ST-14 (oxygen).

9-10-603 Compliance Determination: All emission determinations shall be made in the as-found operating condition, except during periods of start-up or shutdown.

9-10-604 Determination of Higher Heating Value: If certification of the higher heating value is not provided by the third-party fuel supplier, it shall be determined by one of the following test methods: (1) ASTM D2015-85 for solid fuels; (2) ASTM D240-87 or ASTM D2382-88 for liquid hydrocarbon fuels; or (3) ASTM D1826-88 or ASTM D1945-81 in conjunction with ASTM D3588-89 for gaseous fuels.

9-10-605 Tune-Up Procedures: The tuning procedure required by Section 9-10-306.2 shall be performed in accordance with the procedure set forth in the District Manual of Procedures, Volume I, Chapter 5.