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BEFORE THE HEARING B

BAY AREA AIR QUALITY MANA



BEFORE THE HEARING BOARD OF THE BAY AREA AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT STATE OF CALIFORNIA

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In the Matter of the APPEAL of ARGENT MATERIALS, INC.,

Denial of Permit Application No. 30122, Denied April 10, 2025

RE: ARGENT MATERIALS, INC. FACILITY NO. 8501 SAN LEANDRO STREET, OAKLAND, CA 94621 Docket No. 3762

RESPONDENT AIR POLLUTION CONTROL OFFICER'S RESPONSE TO APPELLANT'S REPLY BRIEF

INTRODUCTION

The Air District's conclusions that Argent's Main Yard and Fulfillment Yard constitute a single aggregate recycling Facility and Argent's permit applications constitute a single, coordinated project to expand the Facility's total aggregate processing capacity are central to the question on appeal: Did the Air District err in denying Argent's permit application for the Fulfillment Yard?

Under section 8.6 of the Hearing Board Rules, the Hearing Board's "role is to determine whether the [Air District's] interpretation of the applicable legal requirements is fair and reasonable and consistent" with its other actions. To properly adjudicate that question and produce an order that "identifies the evidence it relied on and the Hearing Board's reasoning in making its decision," Hearing Board Rule, § 8.7, the Board "must trace and examine the agency's mode of analysis." Topanga Assn. for Scenic Community v. County of Los Angeles 11 Cal.3d 506, 516. That means the Hearing Board must understand the analytic route the Air District traveled during the permit review process and examine the factual data the agency considered in reaching its decision on Argent's

permit applications. *Id.* at 515. The Air District's determinations that Argent's two Yards comprise one aggregate recycling Facility in East Oakland and the permit applications constitute one expansion project for that Facility are "legally relevant sub-conclusions" that support the Air District's ultimate decision to deny Argent's permit applications. *Id.* at 516. That is why these issues were discussed in the Engineering Evaluation Report that accompanied the permit denial. See Exh. J at 1, 5-7, 7-9, 13.

Argent would have this Hearing Board believe that Argent's beliefs and opinions about the Air District actions are factors to be considered. They are not. In this proceeding, the Hearing Board may neither substitute its judgment nor the judgment, beliefs, and opinions of the opposing party for that of the Air District. Hearing Board Rule, § 8.6. In this proceeding, the inquiry begins and ends with a meaningful review of the Air District's evidence and decision to deny the permit application.

I. ARGENT'S EVIDENCE SO FAR DOES NOT SHOW THAT THE AIR DISTRICT ERRED WHEN IT CONCLUDED THAT ARGENT'S TWO YARDS CONSTITUTE ONE AGGREGATE RECYCLING FACILITY AND IT'S PERMIT APPLICATIONS CONSTITUTE ONE PROJECT TO EXPAND THAT FACILITY.

Argent claims it submitted two permit applications for wholly unrelated projects to stockpile aggregate at the Main Yard and Fulfillment Yard, which it alleges are "two separate and distinct facilities." Pet. at 5. The evidence says otherwise. Argent's Main Yard and Fulfillment Yard are not two separate facilities as Argent claims. The two Yards form one aggregate recycling facility in East Oakland that is owned, operated, and managed by Argent. Exhs. C, E, J, K, L, M, T. The evidence also shows that Argent's permit applications are not for unrelated projects as Argent claims. Argent's two permit applications constitute a single, coordinated project to triple the total aggregate processing capacity at Argent's aggregate recycling Facility in East Oakland. Exhs. B, E, R. The Air District did not manufacture these conclusions from thin air. Argent supplied the information in its permit applications, its correspondence with the Air District about the permit applications, and in its operation and management of the two Yards. Exhs. C, E, K, L, M, R, T.

Conversely, Argent's evidence so far does not show that the Air District was wrong to conclude that the Yards are one aggregate recycling facility. The Main Yard and Fulfillment Yard share common ownership and control under Argent, a point Argent has not denied; they are a

stone's throw away from each other, another point that Argent has not denied; and Argent conducts the same business activity and operations at both Yards—stockpiling and selling aggregate materials. Likewise, Argent's evidence so far does not show that it was improper for the Air District to conclude that its permit applications are related and form one expansion project. The Main Yard is where Argent crushes broken concrete and asphalt, and the Fulfillment Yard is where Argent stockpiles and distributes finished aggregate that cannot be stored at the Main Yard. Exhs. E, R.

When confronted with this evidence, Argent's only rebuttal has been that it "reasonably believed" the permit application for the Main Yard "had been approved several months earlier." Pet. at 5. Argent's belief is irrelevant. That is not the proof Argent is tasked with producing under section 8.4 of the Hearing Board Rules. Argent must show the Air District's conclusions about its two Yards forming one aggregate recycling Facility and its permit applications constituting one project to expand that Facility are erroneous. So far, Argent has not provided that proof to the Hearing Board despite filing a Petition and a Reply Brief. In the absence of any proof that the agency acted improperly, the Hearing Board must presume the Air District properly discharged its permitting duties and that the permit denial was correct under the law.

II. REGULATION 2-5-216 REQUIRES THE AIR DISTRICT TO ANALYZE ALL RELATED PERMIT APPLICATIONS IN A SINGLE HRA.

Argent would like this Hearing Board to believe its two permit applications for a single, coordinated project to expand one aggregate recycling facility in East Oakland should be analyzed in two separate HRAs simply because the applications were submitted separately. But HRAs are not restricted to what is proposed in a "single permit application" as Argent claims. Reply Br. at 3-4. HRAs are a tool to estimate the potential increased likelihood that a project's toxic air emissions will have on the surrounding communities. Therefore, the scope of an HRA is defined by the project that is subject to permit review—whether that project is presented in one permit application or across multiple applications. Air District regulation defines a "project" as:

Any source, or group of sources, at a facility that: (a) is part of a proposed construction or modification, (b) is subject to the requirements of Regulation 2-1-301 or 302, and (c) emits one or more toxic air contaminants. All new or modified sources of TACs included in a single in a permit application will be considered as a project, . . . In addition, in order to discourage circumvention that might be achieved

by breaking a project into smaller pieces and submitting more than one permit application over a period of time, a project shall include those new or modified sources of TACs at the facility that have been permitted within the five-year period immediately preceding the date a complete application is received . . ."

Regulation 2-5-216; see Exh. Y.

Argent submitted two permit applications to expand the physical and operational footprint of its aggregate recycling Facility in East Oakland. It does not matter that Argent submitted the permit applications separately. All that matters is whether the permit applications are related and form one project. And if they are, Regulation 2-5-16 requires the Air District to analyze the permit applications together in a single HRA because the applications collectively define the entire project under permit review.

Argent accuses the Air District of "reading words out" Regulation 2-5-216. Reply Br. at 5. Argent is wrong. The Air District has long recognized that Rule 2-5's explicit objectives are not served by excluding related emission sources in "submitted" permit applications. See Exh. AA (explaining the objective of Regulation 2-5-216 are "to further prevent circumvention of the requirements of Rule 2-5" and "ensure that the cumulative impacts of multiple projects at a facility are fully considered in the health risk assessment"). If related emission sources from recently "permitted" applications must be "fully considered" in HRAs for a pending application, then so too should the related emission sources in recently "submitted" applications because the pending and submitted application could be permitted simultaneously without any analysis of their cumulative toxic air emissions and health risk impact. This is precisely the scenario Regulation 2-5-216 seeks to prevent, which is why the agency has interpreted and applied the regulation to allow HRAs to include related emission sources from "permitted" and "submitted" applications.

Since Argent's permit applications were no different from the thousands of permit applications the agency receives each year, the Air District followed its standard permit review process. The agency examined whether the permit applications were for two separate, unrelated projects as Argent claimed or formed one project to expand the Facility's total aggregate processing limit from 500,000 tons to 1.6 million tons per year. The evidence supports the Air District's conclusion that Argent's permit applications constitute one project to expand Argent's aggregate

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recycling Facility in East Oakland. Exhs. E, J. The evidence shows that the Facility's Fulfillment Yard is necessary and integral to the operation of the Facility's Main Yard. Exhs. E (Argent stating "[t]his application is for a storage/overflow yard of finished product from out primary site at 8300 Baldwin St."); R ("This site will be used to store material. Our primary facility on Baldwin Street has limited area for stockpiles."). Accordingly, the Air District analyzed the permit applications together in one HRA, and the results show that the proposed expansion—increasing Argent's total aggregate processing capacity from 500,000 tons to 1.6 million tons—has a Chronic Hazard Index value of 1.2, which exceeds the project risk standards in Regulation 2-5-302:

Operate for any new or modified sources of TACs if the project risk exceeds any of the following project risk limits: a cancer risk of 10 in one million; a chronic hazard index of 1.0; an acute hazard index of 1.0.

Since Argent's expansion project, which was proposed in two permit applications, would expose East Oakland residents to an unacceptable level of toxic air pollution and health risk, the Air District jointly denied both permit applications. Based on the information presented in Argent's permit applications, the factual data gathered and processed by agency staff during the permit review process, and the dictates of the agency's regulations, the Air District had reasonable grounds

The [Air Pollution Control Officer] shall deny an Authority to Construct or Permit to

CONCLUSION

to deny the permit application for the Fulfillment Yard.

Given the foregoing, the Hearing Board should find that the Air District did not err in its denial of Permit Application No. 30122 for Argent's Fulfillment Yard. The permit denial was proper and warranted under the regulations. So far, Argent's evidence has not shown an error in the Air District's conclusions that: 1) the Main Yard and Fulfillment Yard constitute one aggregate recycling Facility in East Oakland; 2) Argent's two permit applications constitute one project to expand the physical and operational footprint of Argent's aggregate recycling Facility in East Oakland; and 3) Argent's permit applications, which are related and formed one project to expand the same aggregate facility, must be analyzed together in a single HRA. The Air District acted properly and in accordance with its regulations; therefore, the Hearing Board must uphold the Air District's permit denial and dismiss Argent's appeal.

1	Dated: August 5, 2025 Alexander Crockett, Esq. General Counsel		
2	Omonigho Oiyemhonlan, Esq. Assistant Counsel		
3	3 Assistant Counsel		
4	By: <u>/s/ Omonigho Oiyemhonlan</u> Omonigho Oiyemhonlan, Esq.		
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6	Attorneys for Respondent Air Pollution Control Officer		
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	AIR POLLUTION CONTROL OFFICER'S RESPONSE TO ARGENT'S REPLY BRIEF		
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE 1 I, Omonigho Oiyemhonlan, certify and declare as follows: 2 I am over the age of 18 years, and I am not a party to this action. My business address is 3 375 Beale Street, Suite 600, San Francisco, CA 94105, which is in the county where the mailing 4 described below took place. 5 On August 5, 2025, I served the foregoing documents, described as: 6 RESPONDENT AIR POLLUTION CONTROL OFFICER'S [PROPOSED] 7 RESPONSE TO APPELLANT'S REPLY BRIEF 8 ☑ By electronic mail: by transmitting a true copy thereof by electronic mail transmission from my 9 email, OOiyemhonlan@baaqmd.gov, to the interested parties to said action at the email address 10 shown below: 11 Martin Stratte 12 Elisabeth Gunther Abigail Contreras Hunton Andrews Kurth LLP 13 50 California Street, Suite 1700 San Francisco, CA 94111 14 Telephone: (415) 975-3716 Email: MStratte@hunton.com 15 EGunther@hunton.com AContreras@hunton.com 16 Attorneys for Appellant Argent Materials, Inc. 17 18 I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing 19 is true and correct. Executed on August 5, 2025, at Antioch, California. 20 21 /s/ Omonigho Oiyemhonlan 22 Omonigho Oiyemhonlan 23 24 25 26 27

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